## **CHAPTER 1**

提手旁歌 tai4 sau2 pong4 go1 The hand radical song

Quizlet flashcards for this chapter can be found here:

https://quizlet.com/\_8b9a5y?x=1qqt&i=2f4qkn

This chapter is introducing a component called 'the hand radical'.

Hand is written ≢ shŏu. In its contracted form it becomes ‡.

Chinese characters that have a  $\ddagger$  in them usually have something to do with a movement that uses the hand.

‡ is always found on the left hand side of a character.

Examples of these words can be found in the text and are highlighted in blue, below.

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提手	tai4 sau2	raise hand
旁	pong4	radical component on the side of a character
歌	go1	song
動作	dung6 zok3	movements
多	do1	many
指	zi2	point
摸	mo2	touch, feel
高興	gou1 hing1	happy

拍手	paak3 sau2	clap your hands
反對	faan2 deoi3	oppose, disagree
搖手	jiu4 sau2	shake/wave your hand – when you disagree/not happy
見面	gin3 min6	meet, see each other
握手	aak1 sau2	shake hands
再見	zoi3 gin3	bye bye
擺手	baai2 sau2	wave

## **Grammar point**

The verbs are repeated in this song. Chinese does this a lot. Repeating the verb lightens the tone – making the sentence sound softer... more casual.

Sometimes a '--' is placed in between the two verbs. Sometimes not.

指	zi2	point
指一指	zi2 jat zi2	
摸	mo2	touch, feel
摸一摸	mo2 jat mo2	
拍手	paak3 sau2	clap your hands
拍拍手	paak3 paak3 sau2	

If you would like a line by line translation of the text please contact us. For copyright reasons, we are unable to include the translation on this document.